

Name: _____

Final Exam

Total: _____ / 100 Points

Part I Multiple Choice

_____ / 30 Points

Directions: Choose the letter of the best answer. Write your answer on the blank before each number.

1. _____ is the title character of the play and a member of the Montague family.
 - a. Tybalt
 - b. Romeo
 - c. Mercutio
 - d. Benvolio

2. _____ kills Tybalt in a street fight after Tybalt kills Mercutio.
 - a. Benvolio
 - b. Paris
 - c. Romeo
 - d. Friar Lawrence

3. _____ is the overall message or insight the author conveys through the story.
 - a. Conflict
 - b. Theme
 - c. Setting
 - d. Plot

4. The feud in Romeo and Juliet is between which two families?
 - a. Capulet and Montague
 - b. Capulet and Verona
 - c. Montague and Escalus
 - d. Tybalt and Romeo

5. Where does the play Romeo and Juliet take place?
 - a. Florence, Italy
 - b. Venice, Italy
 - c. Verona, Italy
 - d. Rome, Italy

6. _____ arranges a secret marriage between Romeo and Juliet hoping to end the family feud.
 - a. The Nurse
 - b. Lord Capulet
 - c. Friar Lawrence
 - d. Prince Escalus

7. Which literary device is used in the line "Juliet is the sun"?
 - a. Simile
 - b. Metaphor
 - c. Personification
 - d. Hyperbole

8. _____ is an example of dramatic irony when the audience knows Juliet is not truly dead but Romeo does not.
 - a. The balcony scene
 - b. The tomb scene
 - c. The wedding scene
 - d. The banishment scene

9. What punishment does Prince Escalus give Romeo after he kills Tybalt?
 - a. Death

- b. Imprisonment
- c. Banishment
- d. A fine

10. Which of the following best describes the genre of Romeo and Juliet?

- a. Comedy
- b. History
- c. Tragedy
- d. Romance

Part II Vocabulary in Context

_____ / 20 Points

Directions: Choose the word that best matches the meaning as used in the play.

1. _____ means a strong feeling of hatred or dislike.

- a. Devotion
- b. Enmity
- c. Loyalty
- d. Remorse

2. _____ describes someone who talks excessively and in an uncontrolled way.

- a. Taciturn
- b. Raving
- c. Reserved
- d. Melancholy

3. _____ means destined to fail or doomed from the start.

- a. Fortunate
- b. Ill-fated
- c. Ambitious
- d. Resolute

4. When Romeo says "What's in a name?" Juliet is expressing that:

- a. Names are very important to identity
- b. A name does not change the nature of a person or thing
- c. Romeo should change his name
- d. She does not know Romeo's last name

5. The word "adversity" as used in the play most closely means:

- a. Joy and celebration
- b. A difficult or unfavourable situation
- c. An enemy in battle
- d. A romantic relationship

Part III Literary Devices

_____ / 25 Points

Directions: Identify the literary device used in each of the following lines from the play.

1. "O, she doth teach the torches to burn bright!" — This line is an example of:

- a. Alliteration
- b. Hyperbole
- c. Simile
- d. Foreshadowing

2. "Parting is such sweet sorrow" — The phrase "sweet sorrow" is an example of:

- a. Metaphor
- b. Oxymoron
- c. Allusion
- d. Personification

3. The prologue warns the audience of the tragic ending before it happens. This is:

- a. Flashback
- b. Dramatic irony
- c. Foreshadowing
- d. Imagery

4. "It is the east, and Juliet is the sun." This is an example of:

- a. Simile
- b. Alliteration
- c. Metaphor
- d. Symbolism

5. Romeo and Juliet are referred to as "star-crossed lovers" in the prologue. This suggests their fate is:

- a. Decided by their families
- b. Controlled by the stars or destiny
- c. Based on their own choices alone
- d. Unknown until the very end

Part IV Critical Thinking

_____ / 25 Points

Directions: Choose the best answer based on your understanding of the play's themes and characters.

1. Which theme is MOST central to Romeo and Juliet?

- a. The power of friendship over family
- b. The destructive nature of hatred and feuding
- c. The importance of obedience to authority
- d. The conflict between youth and old age

2. How does Friar Lawrence's plan ultimately fail?

- a. Juliet refuses to drink the potion
- b. The letter to Romeo is never delivered
- c. Romeo fights Paris in the tomb
- d. The Nurse reveals the secret to Lord Capulet

3. Which character serves as the voice of reason and caution throughout the play?

- a. Mercutio
- b. Tybalt
- c. Benvolio
- d. Lord Capulet

4. At the end of the play, the Montague and Capulet families:

- a. Continue their feud more bitterly than before
- b. Are reconciled after the deaths of their children
- c. Are banished from Verona by the Prince
- d. Blame Friar Lawrence for the tragedy

5. The deaths of Romeo and Juliet can best be seen as a consequence of:

- a. Their own immaturity and recklessness only
- b. The family feud, fate, and a series of tragic misunderstandings
- c. Friar Lawrence's deliberate betrayal
- d. The Nurse's jealousy of their love